IFTA® INTERNATIONAL
SCHEDULE OF TERRITORY DEFINITIONS

Updated: January 2022

This update reflects the work of the Ad Hoc Suggested Territory Definitions Revisions Committee: Adam Bialow (Lionsgate), DelMarie Broco (Millennium Media), Patti Rose (California Pictures), Rob Williams (Participant Media), and Bill Anderson (IFTA Research & Strategic Analysis Department)
**IMPORTANT:** The following IFTA International Schedule of Territory Definitions outlines individual countries, groups of countries and territories, and groups of territories as they are often used for purposes of granting distribution rights for films or television programs. The Schedule may not be appropriate for all media due to the method of distribution, but when referenced in the Deal Terms of the Multiple Rights Agreement, it is incorporated by reference. The Schedule is organized in the following three ways: 1) Alphabetical Listing, 2) Geographical Listing, and 3) Language Group Listing.

Users should note that the terms in **bold** refer to and are comprised of *all* the countries, territories and/or islands listed in the succeeding definition. Users should also note that some of the definitions overlap.

The information appearing in this Schedule is based on the most current information received by IFTA as of the publication date of this Version: January 2022. IFTA does not assume legal responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information in this Schedule. This is not intended to and cannot replace the need to consult legal counsel. Due to the volatile nature of many of these territories, the definitions are subject to change. IFTA reserves the right in its sole discretion to change the following definitions at any time as conditions may require.
ALPHABETICAL LISTING

Africa – Algeria; Angola; Benin (Dahomey); Botswana; Burkina Faso (Upper Volta); Burundi; Cameroon; Cape Verde Islands; Central African Republic; Chad; Comoros; Cote d’Ivoire (Ivory Coast); Democratic Republic of Congo (fka Zaire); Djibouti Republic; Equatorial Guinea; Eritrea; Eswatini (fka Swaziland); Ethiopia; Egypt; Gabon; Gambia; Ghana; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Kenya; Lesotho; Liberia; Libya; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Mauritius; Mayotte; Morocco (including Western Sahara); Mozambique; Namibia (South West Africa); Niger; Nigeria; Republic of South Africa; Republic of Congo; Reunion; Rwanda; Sao Tome and Principe; Senegal; Seychelles; Sierra Leone; Somalia; South Sudan; Sudan; Tanzania (includes Zanzibar); Togo; Tunisia; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe.

Africa, Arabic-speaking – Algeria; Chad; Comoros; Djibouti Republic; Egypt; Eritrea; Libya; Mauritania; Morocco (including Western Sahara); Somalia; Sudan; Tunisia.

Africa, East (fka British East Africa) – Botswana; Kenya; Malawi; Tanzania; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe.

Africa, English-speaking – See Africa, East; Africa, South; Africa, West; South Sudan.

Africa, French-speaking – Ex-French African Colonies; Ex-Belgian African Colonies; French D.R.O.M. Territories of the Indian Ocean; French-speaking Indian Ocean Territories. More specifically: Algeria; Benin (Dahomey); Burkina Faso (Upper Volta); Burundi; Cameroon; Central African Republic; Chad; Comoros; Cote d’Ivoire (Ivory Coast); Democratic Republic of Congo (fka Zaire); Djibouti Republic; Equatorial Guinea; Gabon; Guinea; Madagascar; Mali; Mauritania; Mauritius; Mayotte; Morocco (including Western Sahara); Niger; Republic of Congo; Reunion; Rwanda; Senegal; Seychelles; Togo; Tunisia.

Africa, Italian-speaking – Ethiopia; Eritrea; Libya; Somalia.

Africa, North – Algeria; Libya; Mauritania; Morocco (including Western Sahara); South Sudan; Sudan; Tunisia.

Africa, Portuguese-speaking – Angola; Guinea-Bissau; Cape Verde Islands; Mozambique; Sao Tome and Principe.

Africa, South – Botswana; Eswatini (fka Swaziland); Lesotho; Malawi; Namibia (South West Africa); Republic of South Africa; Zambia; Zimbabwe. (Note 1: St. Helena is typically licensed with South Africa but is officially U.K. territory. (Note 2: Some buyers may include Ghana, Kenya, Liberia, Tanzania (includes Zanzibar), and Uganda in “South Africa.”) (Note 3: Some buyers may include English and local African language rights for the African territories that are included in the satellite footprint for M Net. Portuguese and French language exceptions may be needed.)

Africa, Sub-Saharan – Angola; Benin (Dahomey); Botswana; Burkina Faso (Upper Volta); Burundi; Cameroon; Cape Verde; Central African Republic; Chad; Comoros; Democratic Republic of the Congo (fka Zaire); Cote d’Ivoire (Ivory Coast); Equatorial Guinea; Eritrea; Eswatini (fka Swaziland); Ethiopia; Gabon; Gambia; Ghana; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Kenya;
Lesotho; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Mail; Mauritania; Mozambique; Namibia; Niger; Nigeria; Republic of Congo; Republic of South Africa; Rwanda; Sao Tome & Principe; Senegal; Seychelles; Sierra Leone; Somalia; Sudan; South Sudan; Tanzania (includes Zanzibar); Togo; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe.

Africa, West (fka British West Africa) – Gambia; Ghana; Liberia; Nigeria; Sierra Leone.

Alto Adige (aka “Bolzano” and “South Tyrol”) – The predominantly German-speaking portion of Trentino-Alto Adige, an autonomous region in northern Italy on the Austrian border. (Note: If German distributor requests Alto Adige, it is recommended to seek approval from the Italian distributor.)

Americas, The – Caribbean; Latin America; North America.

Asia – Afghanistan; Bangladesh; Bhutan; Brunei; Cambodia (Kampuchea); China (PRC); Hong Kong; India; Indonesia; Japan; Laos; Macao; Malaysia; Maldives; Mongolia; Myanmar (Burma); Nepal; North Korea; Pakistan; Philippines; Singapore; South Korea; Sri Lanka (Ceylon); Taiwan (ROC); Thailand; Timor-Leste (East Timor); Vietnam. (Note: although part of China (PRC), Hong Kong and Macau are usually licensed separately.)

Australia – Australia and all of the following islands and territories: Ashmore & Cartier Islands; Christmas Islands; Cocos (Keeling) Islands; Coral Sea Islands; Heard and McDonald Islands; Jervis Bay; Macquarie Island; Nauru; Norfolk Island; Papua New Guinea (including but not limited to Admiralty Islands, New Britain, New Ireland and Bougainville); Solomon Islands; Vanuatu (New Hebrides). (Note: Netflix includes Micronesia and Palau. See the “United States” and “Micronesia” for overlapping territories.)

Baltics, The – Estonia; Latvia; Lithuania. (Note: The Baltics are often licensed with the CIS but are not included in the CIS definition)

Benelux, The – Belgium; Luxembourg; Netherlands (Holland).

Bolzano – See “Alto Adige.”

Brazil – Official name is the Federative Republic of Brazil.

British Virgin Islands - Anegada; Jost Van Dyke; Tortola; Virgin Gorda.

Canada – The provinces and territories of Canada. More specifically: Alberta; British Columbia; Labrador; Manitoba; New Brunswick; Newfoundland; Nova Scotia; Ontario; Prince Edward Island; Quebec; Saskatchewan and the territories of Nunavut; Northwest Territories; Yukon Territories. (See also “English-Speaking Canada” and “French-Speaking Canada.”)

Capo d’Istria (aka “Capo Istria” or “Koper”) – The Istria peninsula in Slovenia, just south of Trieste, Italy. (Note: many residents speak Italian).

Caribbean (aka “Caribbean Basin Islands”) – Aruba; British Virgin Islands; Cuba (subject to embargo); Dominican Republic; French Antilles; Haiti; Netherlands Antilles, Former Territories
of; West Indies. (Note: some buyers include Puerto Rico in the Caribbean Basin Islands. This may have an impact on deals with the United States. Special attention should be given to language and “exclusivity.”)

**Central America** – Belize; Costa Rica; El Salvador; Guatemala; Honduras (including Swan Islands, aka Islas Santanilla); Nicaragua (including Islas de Maiz, aka Corn Island); Panama.

**China (PRC)** – The Peoples Republic of China not including the Special Administrative Regions of Hong Kong and Macao (Note: Both Hong Kong and Macao are usually licensed separately from China).

**Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)** – Armenia; Abkhazia (Republic of); Azerbaijan; Belarus; Georgia; Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan; Moldova; Russia; South Ossetia (aka the State of Alania); Tajikistan; Turkmenistan; Uzbekistan. (Note 1: In Moldova, TV rights are usually licensed on a non-exclusive basis due to Romanian T.V. broadcasts.) (Note 2: Some buyers may include Ukraine in the “CIS.” As of May 2018 the Ukraine formally ended its CIS associate Membership. Therefore, to license the Ukraine and the CIS at the same time, both territories must be granted as licensed territories.)

**Dom Tom Territories** – See “French D.R.O.M. C.O.M. Territories.”

**Dutch Antilles (fka Netherland Antilles)** – See “Netherlands Antilles, Former Territories of.”

**Eire** – See “Ireland, Republic of.”

**Eastern Europe** – Albania; Bulgaria; Czechia (fka Czech Republic); Hungary; Poland; Romania; Slovakia; Former Yugoslavia [Specifically Bosnia / Herzegovina; Croatia; Kosovo (Note: Kosovo has been usually licensed with Montenegro); Montenegro; Republic of North Macedonia (fka Macedonia) (Note: Macedonia’s name change to “North Macedonia” became official as of 12 February 2019); Slovenia; Serbia (including the autonomous province of Vojvodina)]; Ukraine. (Note: Some buyers may include in “Eastern Europe” the CIS and / or The Baltics);

**Egypt** – Egypt is typically licensed with Middle East.

**English-speaking Canada** – The provinces and territories of Canada: Alberta; British Columbia; Labrador; Manitoba; New Brunswick; Newfoundland; Nova Scotia; Ontario; Prince Edward Island; Quebec; Saskatchewan and the territories of Nunavut; Northwest Territories; and Yukon Territories. (See also “French-speaking Canada.”)

**English-speaking Europe** – Republic of Ireland (Eire) and the United Kingdom.

**Europe** – The countries and territories in Western Europe and Eastern Europe many of which are members of the European Union. (Note: Some buyers may include in Europe and / or Eastern Europe the CIS and/or The Baltics.)
**European Union** – Austria; Belgium; Bulgaria; Croatia; Cyprus; Czechia (fka Czech Republic); Denmark; Estonia; Finland; France (includes Outermost Regions - Martinique, Mayotte, Guadeloupe, French Guiana, Réunion, and St. Martin); Germany; Greece; Hungary; Ireland; Italy; Latvia; Lithuania; Luxembourg; Malta; Netherlands; Poland; Portugal (includes Outermost Regions - Madeira and the Azores); Romania; Slovakia; Slovenia; Spain (includes Outermost Region - the Canary Islands); Sweden.

**Ex-Belgian African Colonies** – Burundi; Democratic Republic of Congo (fka Zaire); Rwanda.

**Ex-French African Colonies** – Algeria; Benin (Dahomey); Burkina Faso (Upper Volta); Cameroon; Central African Republic; Chad; Cote d’Ivorie (Ivory Coast); Gabon; Guinea; Mali; Mauritania; Morocco (includes Western Sahara); Niger; Republic of Congo; Senegal; Togo; Tunisia.

**Federated States of Micronesia** (A political entity that is recognized as an actual nation as opposed to the geographical area described as “Micronesia.”) – The island states of Chuuk, Kosrae, Pohnpei, Yap. (Note: The Federated States of Micronesia is a former U.N. “Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands” and was administered by the United States until 1994, becoming independent per a “Compact of Free Association.” It is usually licensed with the United States.)

**Former U.S.S.R.** – See “Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS).”

**Former Yugoslavia** – Bosnia / Herzegovina; Croatia, Kosovo (Note: Kosovo is usually licensed with Montenegro); Montenegro; Republic of North Macedonia (fka Macedonia) (Note: Macedonia’s change to “North Macedonia became official as of 12 February 2019); Slovenia, Serbia (including the autonomous province of Vojvodina).

**France** – The Metropolitan Territory of France (European France); Corsica; Principality of Andorra (French-speaking only); and Principality of Monaco (French-speaking only).

**French Antilles** – Guadeloupe (including Basse-Terre, Grand-Terre, Petite Terre, Marie-Galante, La Desirade, Les Saintes, St. Bart (aka St. Barthelemy), and St. Martin); Martinique.

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1 Note: [EU Regulation 2017/1128 (14 June 2017)] on cross-border portability of online content services in the internal market obligates online content service providers to permit subscribers of paid online services that are portable in the Member State of residence, i.e., the Licensed Territory, whose Member State of residence has been verified, to access such services throughout the EU/EEA when temporarily travelling, without additional charge to the subscriber. Free-to-view services (including public service broadcasters’) may opt-in to provide portability to subscribers, but then become subject to the residence verification and other obligations under the Portability Regulation. It should be noted that the Portability Regulation applies in Member State territories designated as “Outermost regions” by the EU, but not in territories designated by the EU as “Overseas Countries and Territories”.

2 See the [European Union in the “Other” section of the Language Group listing of this edition of the IFTA International Schedule of Territory Definitions.](#)

3 As of 31January 2020 the United Kingdom is no longer a member of the EU. During a “transition” period that ended 31 December 2020, the U.K. and the E.U. negotiated the final terms of the separation. However, this agreement did not include a final determination regarding the status of Gibraltar as a British Overseas Territory. Negotiations regarding Gibraltar’s status and border administration continue as of the publishing of this schedule. Additionally, due to continuing disagreement between the U.K. and the E.U. with regard to the Northern Ireland Protocol, if hard goods are involved, any further discussions between the U.K. and the E.U. may result in the imposition of import or other regulations that may affect the physical elements of a contract.
French C.O.M. Territories (fka French T.O.M. Territories) – French Polynesia; Futuna Island; Island of Clipperton; New Caledonia; Scattered Islands (including Banc du Geyser; Bassas da India; Europa Island; Glorioso Islands; Juan de Nova Island; Tromelin Island); Wallis Island. (Note: C.O.M. is an abbreviation of “Collectivites of d’outre-mer,” English: “Overseas Collectivity”)


French D.R.O.M. Territories (fka French DOM Territories) – French Antilles; French Guiana; St. Pierre & Miquelon; Reunion; Mayotte. (Note: D.R.O.M. is an abbreviation of “Departements et regions d’outre-mer,” English: “Overseas Departments and Regions)


French- speaking Canada – Those areas in Canada with a concentration of French speakers: Quebec; Eastern Ontario; Manitoba; and New Brunswick. (Note: Users should be aware that a conflict may arise when licensing French Language TV rights in Canada as two islands belonging to France, St. Pierre and Miquelon, lie off the coast of Newfoundland.) (See also, “English-Speaking Canada.”)

French-speaking Europe – see “French Speaking Territories” in the Language Listing section.

French-speaking Indian Ocean Territories – Comoros; Djibouti Republic; Madagascar; Mauritius; Seychelles.


French Polynesia – Tuamotu Archipelago; Gambier Islands; Marquises Islands (aka Marquesas Islands); Austral Islands (including the Tubuai Islands [Maria, Rimatara, Rurutu, Tubuai and Raivavae, aka Raevavae Islands] and The Bass Islands [Rapa and Marotiri Islands]); and the Societe Islands (aka Society Islands [comprised of the Windward Islands [including Tahiti] and the Leeward Islands [including Bora Bora]]). (Note: The Leeward and Windward Islands in the Pacific Ocean are not affiliated with the Leeward and Windward Islands in the West Indies).

French P.O.M. – an unofficial term for French Polynesia which is officially listed with “French C.O.M.” territories. (Note: P.O.M. is an abbreviation of “Pays d’outre-mer,” English: “Overseas Country”)

French Southern and Antarctic Lands (TAAF) – Adélie Land; Crozet Islands; Kerguelen Islands; Scattered Islands; St Paul and Amsterdam. (Note 1: France’s claim to Adélie Land is not
recognized by the United States.)(Note 2: TAAF is an abbreviation of “Terres Australes et Antarctiques Francais.”)


German-speaking Europe – See “German Speaking Territories” in the Language Listing section.

Greece – Greece including Crete and Cyprus.

Haiti – Official name is the Republic of Haiti.

Holland – Same as Netherlands.

Hong Kong – Hong Kong SAR (Special Administrative Region).

India – Republic of India.

Indian Subcontinent – (South Asia) Afghanistan; India; Pakistan; Bangladesh; Nepal; Bhutan; Sri Lanka; Maldives.

Ireland, Republic of – Same as Eire.

Israel – The State of Israel. (Note: Both Hebrew and Arabic are spoken in Israel)

Italy – Italy (including Sardinia and Sicily); Capo d'Istria (Italian-speaking only); Malta (Italian-speaking only); The Principality of Monaco (Italian-speaking only); San Marino; Vatican City.

Italian-speaking Europe – See “Italian Speaking Territories” in the Language Listing section.

Latin America – Central America (Specifically: Belize; Costa Rica; El Salvador; Guatemala; Honduras [including Swan Islands, aka Islas Santanilla]; Nicaragua [including Islas de Maiz, aka Corn Island]; ) Mexico; South America (Specifically: Argentina; Bolivia; Brazil; Chile; Colombia [including Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina]; Ecuador [including Galapagos Islands]; French Guiana (Note: French Guiana is listed geographically in South America but is officially a French D.R.O.M. Territory); Guyana (fka British Guiana) (Note: English speaking Guyana can be licensed with West Indies depending on the deal); Paraguay; Peru; Suriname; Uruguay; Venezuela). (Note: See “Caribbean” for additional territories that may be requested by a distributor)

Liechtenstein – Official name is the Principality of Liechtenstein.

Luxembourg – Official name is the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

Macao – Macao SAR (Special Administrative Region).

Mainland China – Same as China (PRC).

Mexico – Official name is the United Mexican States.
Micronesia (As a “geographical region” as opposed to the political entity of the “Federated States of Micronesia,” which is recognized as an actual nation.) – Caroline Islands (Federated States of Micronesia and Palau); Gilbert Islands (aka Kiribati); Mariana Islands (Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands); Marshall Islands; Nauru. (Note: conflicts may arise with licensing United States and Australian rights.)

Middle East – Bahrain; Egypt; Iran (subject to embargo); Iraq; Jordan; Kuwait; Lebanon; Libya; Oman; Palestinian Authority (aka Palestinian National Authority); Qatar; Saudi Arabia; Sudan; Syria; United Arab Emirates (including Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Fujairah, Sharjah, Ajman, Umm Al-Quaiwain, Ras Al-Khaimah); Republic of Yemen.

Netherlands – Same as Holland.

Netherlands, Kingdom of – Consists of four constituent countries: Netherlands (aka Holland), Aruba, Curacao, Sint Maarten (not to be confused with the French D.R.O.M. territory Saint Martin). (Note: Bonaire, Saba and St. Eustatius have become autonomous special municipalities of the Netherlands but still may be licensed with the Kingdom of the Netherlands.)

Netherlands Antilles, Former Territories of (fka “Dutch Antilles”) – Aruba; Bonaire; Curacao; Saba; St. Eustatius; Sint Maarten. (Note: On October 10, 2010, the Netherlands Antilles officially dissolved. As a result, Bonaire, Saba and St. Eustatius have become autonomous special municipalities of the Netherlands, while former Dutch Caribbean colonies Curacao and St. Maarten have become autonomous countries within the Kingdom of the Netherlands. Also, the island of Sint Maarten is divided between France and The Netherlands - the southern part of the island being Dutch and the northern, French Saint Martin. Therefore, it may be licensed in the French & / or Dutch languages.)

New Zealand – New Zealand and the following islands and territories: Cook Islands (including Rarotonga and Aitutaki); Fijian Islands; Kiribati (fka Gilbert Islands, including Ocean Island, Line Islands, Phoenix Islands); Niue; Independent State of Samoa (excluding American Samoa); Tokelau Islands; Tuvalu (fka Ellice Island); Tonga.

North America – The United States of America (U.S.A. / U.S.) and Canada.

Portuguese-speaking Asia— See “Portuguese Speaking Territories” in the Language Listening section.

Portugal – Includes the Azores and Madeira Islands.

South America – Argentina; Bolivia; Brazil; Chile; Colombia (including Archipielago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina); Ecuador (including Galapagos Islands); French Guiana (Note: French Guiana is listed geographically in South America but is officially a French D.R.O.M. Territory); Guyana (fka British Guiana) (Note: English speaking Guyana can be licensed with West Indies depending on the deal); Paraguay; Peru; Suriname; Uruguay; Venezuela.

South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) – Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka.
Southeast Asia – Brunei; Cambodia (aka Kampuchea); Indonesia; Laos; Malaysia; Myanmar (aka Burma); Philippines; Singapore; Thailand; Timor-Leste (aka East Timor) (Note: Timor-Leste is typically licensed with Indonesia. Official languages are Portuguese and Tetun); Vietnam. (Note: Reportedly HBO Asia will add Nepal and Sri Lanka (Ceylon).

Scandinavia – Denmark (including Greenland and Faroe Islands); Finland; Iceland (sometimes); Norway; Sweden.

South Tyrol – See “Alto Adige.”

Spain – The Kingdom of Spain including the Principality of Andorra (Spanish-speaking only); Canary Islands; the Balearic Islands; the autonomous cities of Melilla and Ceuta in Morocco.

Spanish Speaking South America – See “Spanish-speaking Territories” in the Language Listing section.

Switzerland 4 – The Swiss Confederation.

Taiwan (ROC) – Licensed geographically separate from China (PRC).

Ukraine - (Note: Ukraine is often licensed with the CIS but is not included in the CIS definition)

Universe (Rights to the) – The earth and all space and everything in it including all stars, planets and galaxies, known and unknown.

United Kingdom – Great Britain (England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland); Channel Islands (Jersey and Guernsey); Diego Garcia (Note: inhabited by U.K. and U.S. military); Gibraltar (Note: The status of Gibraltar as a British Overseas Territory continues to be a subject of negotiation between the United Kingdom and the European Union5. This may affect a U.K. deal.); Isle of Man; Malta (English-speaking only); Pitcairn Islands; Saint Helena (Note: typically licensed with South Africa).

United States / U.S.A. / U.S. – The United States of America and the following territories, possessions and protectorates: Baker Island; Caroline Islands (Palau and the Federated States of Micronesia); Guam; Marshall Islands; Northern Marianas (includes Saipan); Puerto Rico; Samoa (American); U.S. Virgin Islands (St. Croix, St. John, St. Thomas); Wake Island.

Western Europe – Austria; Benelux (including Belgium, Netherlands [aka Holland], and Luxembourg); France; Germany; Greece; Ireland (aka Eire), Republic of; Italy; Liechtenstein;

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4 Note: As of 1 January 2016, the “Linguistic Diversity” provisions of Article 19 of the Swiss Film Act, previously limited to a film’s first public showing in a cinema, were extended to include “other uses” and may impact licensing practices, particularly with respect to France, Italy, and Germany. The Swiss Government has provided guidance to clarify the scope of the amended Film Act.

5 As of 31 January 2020 the United Kingdom is no longer a member of the EU. During a “transition” period that ended 31 December 2020, the U.K. and the E.U. negotiated the final terms of the separation. However, this agreement did not include a final determination regarding the status of Gibraltar as a British Overseas Territory. Negotiations regarding Gibraltar’s status and border administration continue as of the publishing of this schedule. Additionally, due to continuing disagreement between the U.K. and the E.U. with regard to the Northern Ireland Protocol, if hard goods are involved, any further discussions between the U.K. and the E.U. may result in the imposition of import or other regulations that may affect the physical elements of a contract.
Portugal (including Azores and Madeira Islands); Scandinavia; Spain; Switzerland; Turkey; United Kingdom.

**West Indies** - (fka British West Indies) Bahamas; Barbados; Bermuda; Cayman Islands (Grand Cayman, Cayman Brac, Little Cayman); Jamaica; Leeward Islands (Anguilla, Antigua, Barbuda, Montserrat, St. Kitts [St. Christopher] and Nevis); Trinidad & Tobago; Turks & Caicos; Windward Islands (Dominica, Grenada, Grenadines, St. Lucia, St. Vincent). (Note 1: The Leeward and Windward Islands in the West Indies are not affiliated with the Leeward and Windward Islands in French Polynesia in the Pacific Ocean). (Note 2: Some buyers will add Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands (St. Croix, St. John, St. Thomas) which are usually sold in a U.S. deal and should not be licensed with West Indies. (Note 3: English speaking Guyana can be licensed with West Indies depending on the deal.)

**Worldwide Rights** – Rights that are limited to the geographic territory encompassed by planet earth which excludes any space stations and / or colonies on planets other than earth but includes any interspace travel services.

**Geographical Listing**

**AFRICA**

**Africa** – Algeria; Angola; Benin (Dahomey); Botswana; Burkina Faso (Upper Volta); Burundi; Cameroon; Cape Verde Islands; Central African Republic; Chad; Comoros; Cote d’Ivoire (Ivory Coast); Democratic Republic of Congo (fka Zaire); Djibouti Republic; Equatorial Guinea; Eritrea; Eswatini (fka Swaziland); Ethiopia; Egypt; Gabon; Gambia; Ghana; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Kenya; Lesotho; Liberia; Libya; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Mauritius; Mayotte; Morocco (including Western Sahara); Mozambique; Namibia (South West Africa); Niger; Nigeria; Republic of South Africa; Republic of Congo; Reunion; Rwanda; Sao Tome and Principe; Senegal; Seychelles; Sierra Leone; Somalia; South Sudan; Sudan; Tanzania (includes Zanzibar); Togo; Tunisia; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe.

**Africa, East** (fka British East Africa) – Botswana; Kenya; Malawi; Tanzania; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe.

**Africa, North** – Algeria; Libya; Mauritania; Morocco (including Western Sahara); South Sudan; Sudan; Tunisia.

**Africa, South** – Botswana; Eswatini (fka Swaziland); Lesotho; Malawi; Namibia (South West Africa); Republic of South Africa; Zambia; Zimbabwe. (Note 1: St. Helena is typically licensed with South Africa but is officially U.K. territory. (Note 2: Some buyers may include Ghana, Kenya, Liberia. Tanzania (includes Zanzibar), and Uganda in “South Africa.”) (Note 3: Some buyers may include English and local African language rights for the African territories that are included in the satellite footprint for M Net. Portuguese and French language exceptions may be needed.)
Africa, Sub-Saharan – Angola; Benin (Dahomey); Botswana; Burkina Faso (Upper Volta); Burundi; Cameroon; Cape Verde; Central African Republic; Chad; Comoros; Democratic Republic of the Congo (fka Zaire); Cote d’Ivoire (Ivory Coast); Equatorial Guinea; Eswatini (fka Swaziland); Eritrea; Ethiopia; Gabon; Gambia; Ghana; Guinea; Guinea-Bissau; Kenya; Lesotho; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Mozambique; Namibia; Niger; Nigeria; Republic of Congo; Republic of South Africa; Rwanda; Sao Tome & Principe; Senegal; Seychelles; Sierra Leone; Somalia; Sudan; South Sudan; Tanzania (includes Zanzibar); Togo; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe.

Africa, West (fka British West Africa) – Gambia; Ghana; Liberia; Nigeria; Sierra Leone.

THE AMERICAS

Americas, The – Caribbean; Latin America; North America.

Caribbean (aka “Caribbean Basin Islands”) – Aruba; British Virgin Islands; Cuba (subject to embargo); Dominican Republic; French Antilles; Haiti; Netherlands Antilles, Former Territories of; West Indies. (Note: Some buyers include Puerto Rico in the Caribbean Basin Islands. This may have an impact on deals with the United States. Special attention should be given to language and “exclusivity.”)

British Virgin Islands - Anegada; Jost Van Dyke; Tortola; Virgin Gorda.

French Antilles – Guadeloupe (including Basse-Terre, Grand-Terre, Petite Terre, Marie-Galante, La Desirade, Les Saints), St. Bart (aka St. Barthelemy); St. Martin; Martinique.

Netherlands Antilles, Former Territories of (fka “Dutch Antilles”) – Aruba; Bonaire; Curacao; Saba; St. Eustatius; Sint Maarten. (Note: On October 10, 2010, the Netherlands Antilles officially dissolved. As a result, Bonaire, Saba and St. Eustatius have become autonomous special municipalities of the Netherlands, while former Dutch Caribbean colonies Curacao and Sint Maarten have become autonomous countries within the Kingdom of the Netherlands. Also, the island of Sint Maarten is divided between France and The Netherlands - the southern part of the island being Dutch and the northern, French Saint Martin. Therefore, it may be licensed in the French & / or Dutch languages.)

West Indies - (fka British West Indies) Bahamas; Barbados; Bermuda; Cayman Islands (Grand Cayman, Cayman Brac, Little Cayman) ; Jamaica; Leeward Islands (Anguilla, Antigua, Barbuda, Montserrat, St. Kitts [St. Christopher] and Nevis); Trinidad & Tobago; Turks & Caicos; Windward Islands (Dominica, Grenada, Grenadines, St. Lucia, St. Vincent). (Note 1: The Leeward and Windward Islands in the West Indies are not affiliated with the Leeward and Windward Islands in French Polynesia in the Pacific Ocean). (Note 2: Some buyers will add Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands (St. Croix, St. John, St. Thomas) which are usually sold in a U.S. deal and should not be licensed with West Indies.) (Note 3: English speaking Guyana can be licensed with West Indies depending on the deal.)

Latin America – Central America; Mexico; South America. (Note: See “Caribbean” for additional territories that may be requested by a distributor.)
Central America – Belize; Costa Rica; El Salvador; Guatemala; Honduras (including Swan Islands, aka Islas Santanilla); Nicaragua (including Islas de Maiz, aka Corn Island); Panama.

Mexico – Official name is the United Mexican States.

South America – Argentina; Bolivia; Brazil; Chile; Colombia (including Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina); Ecuador (including Galapagos Islands); French Guiana (Note: French Guiana is listed geographically in South America but is officially a French D.R.O.M. Territory); Guyana (fka British Guiana) (Note: English speaking Guyana can be licensed with West Indies depending on the deal); Paraguay; Peru; Suriname; Uruguay; Venezuela.

North America – The United States of America (U.S.A. / U.S.) and Canada.

Canada – The provinces and territories of Canada. More specifically: Alberta; British Columbia; Labrador; Manitoba; New Brunswick; Newfoundland; Nova Scotia; Ontario; Prince Edward Island; Quebec; Saskatchewan and the territories of Nunavut; Northwest Territories; Yukon Territories. (See also “English-Speaking Canada “and “French-Speaking Canada.”)

United States / U.S.A. / U.S. – The United States of America and the following territories, possessions, and protectorates: Baker Island; Caroline Islands (Palau and the Federated States of Micronesia); Guam; Marshall Islands; Northern Marianas (includes Saipan); Puerto Rico; Samoa (American); U.S. Virgin Islands (St. Croix, St. John, St. Thomas); Wake Island.

Asia

Asia – Afghanistan; Bangladesh; Bhutan; Brunei; Cambodia (Kampuchea); China (PRC); Hong Kong; India; Indonesia; Japan; Laos; Macau; Malaysia; Maldives; Mongolia; Myanmar (Burma); Nepal; North Korea; Pakistan; Philippines; Singapore; South Korea; Sri Lanka (Ceylon); Taiwan (ROC); Thailand; Timor-Leste (East Timor); Vietnam. (Note: although part of China (PRC), Hong Kong and Macau are usually licensed separately.)

South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) – Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka.

Southeast Asia – Brunei; Cambodia (aka Kampuchea); Indonesia; Laos; Malaysia; Myanmar (aka Burma); Philippines; Singapore; Thailand; Timor-Leste (aka East Timor) (Note: Timor-Leste is typically licensed with Indonesia. Official languages are Portuguese and Tetun); Vietnam. (Note: Reportedly HBO Asia will add Nepal and Sri Lanka (Ceylon).

Taiwan (ROC) – Licensed geographically separately from China (PRC).
EUROPE

**Europe** – The countries and territories in Western Europe and Eastern Europe many of which are members of the European Union. *(Note: Some buyers may include in Europe and / or Eastern Europe the CIS and/or The Baltics.)*

**European Union** 6 7 8 – Austria; Belgium; Bulgaria; Croatia; Cyprus; Czechia *(fka Czech Republic)*; Denmark; Estonia; Finland; France *(includes Outermost Regions - Martinique, Mayotte, Guadeloupe, French Guiana, Réunion, and St. Martin)*; Germany; Greece; Hungary; Ireland; Italy; Latvia; Lithuania; Luxembourg; Malta; Netherland; Poland; Portugal *(includes Outermost Regions - Madeira and the Azores)*; Romania; Slovakia; Slovenia; Spain *(includes Outermost Region - the Canary Islands)*; Sweden.

**Eastern Europe** – Albania; Bulgaria; Czechia *(fka Czech Republic)*; Hungary; Poland; Romania; Slovakia; Former Yugoslavia *(Specifically Bosnia / Herzegovina; Croatia; Kosovo *(Note: Kosovo has been usually licensed with Montenegro); Montenegro; Republic of North Macedonia *(fka Macedonia)* *(Note: Macedonia’s change to “North Macedonia became official as of 12 February 2019); Slovenia; Serbia (including the autonomous province of Vojvodina)*); Ukraine. *(Note: Some buyers may include in “Eastern Europe” the CIS and / or The Baltics)*.

**Baltics, The** – Estonia; Latvia; Lithuania. *(Note: The Baltics are often licensed with the CIS but are not included in the CIS definition)*

**Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)** – Armenia; Abkhazia *(Republic of)*; Azerbaijan; Belarus; Georgia; Kazakhstan; Kyrgyzstan; Moldova; Russia; South Ossetia *(aka the State of Alania)*; Tajikistan; Turkmenistan; Uzbekistan. *(Note 1: In Moldova, TV rights are usually licensed on a non-exclusive basis due to Romanian T.V. broadcasts.) *(Note 2: Some buyers may include Ukraine in the “CIS”. As of May 2018 the Ukraine formally ended its CIS associate Membership. Therefore, to license the Ukraine and the CIS at the same time, both territories must be granted as licensed territories.)*

**Western Europe** – Austria; Benelux *(including Belgium, Netherlands, [aka Holland] and Luxembourg)*; France; Germany; Greece; Ireland *(aka Eire)*, Republic of; Italy; Liechtenstein;

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6 Note: EU Regulation 2017/1128 *(14 June 2017)* on cross-border portability of online content services in the internal market obligates online content service providers to permit subscribers of paid online services that are portable in the Member State of residence, i.e., the Licensed Territory, whose Member State of residence has been verified, to access such services throughout the EU/EEA when temporarily travelling, without additional charge to the subscriber. Free-to-view services *(including public service broadcasters)* may opt-in to provide portability to subscribers, but then become subject to the residence verification and other obligations under the Portability Regulation. It should be noted that the Portability Regulation applies in Member State territories designated as “Outermost regions” by the EU, but not in territories designated by the EU as “Overseas Countries and Territories”.

7 See the European Union in the “Other” section of the Language Group listing of this edition of the IFTA International Schedule of Territory Definitions.

8 As of 31 January 2020 the United Kingdom is no longer a member of the EU. During a “transition” period that ended 31 December 2020, the U.K. and the E.U. negotiated the final terms of the separation. However, this agreement did not include a final determination regarding Gibraltar’s status as a British Overseas Territory. Negotiations regarding Gibraltar’s status and border administration continue as of the publishing of this schedule. Additionally, due to continuing disagreement between the U.K. and the E.U. with regard to the Northern Ireland Protocol, if hard goods are involved, any further discussions between the U.K. and the E.U. may result in the imposition of import or other regulations that may affect the physical elements of a contract.
Portugal (including Azores and Madeira Islands); Scandinavia; Spain; Switzerland; Turkey; United Kingdom.

**Alto Adige** (aka “Bolzano” and “South Tyrol”) – The predominantly German-speaking portion of Trentino-Alto Adige, an autonomous region in northern Italy on the Austrian border. (Note: If German distributor requests Alto Adige, it is recommended to seek approval from Italian distributor.)

**Benelux, The** – Belgium; Luxembourg; Netherlands (Holland).

**Bolzano** – See “Alto Adige.”

**Capo d’Istria** (aka “Capo Istria” or “Koper”) – The Istria peninsula in Slovenia, just south of Trieste, Italy. (Note: many residents speak Italian).

**Eire** – See “Ireland, Republic of.”

**France** – The Metropolitan Territory of France (European France); Corsica; Principality of Andorra (French-speaking only); and Principality of Monaco (French-speaking only).

**Greece** – Greece including Crete and Cyprus.

**Holland** – Same as Netherlands.

**Ireland, Republic of** – Same as Eire.

**Italy** – Italy (including Sardinia and Sicily); Capo d’Istria (Italian-speaking only); Malta (Italian-speaking only); The Principality of Monaco (Italian-speaking only); San Marino; Vatican City.

**Netherlands** – same as Holland.

**Portugal** – Includes the Azores and Madeira Islands.

**Spain** – The Kingdom of Spain including the Principality of Andorra (Spanish-speaking only); Canary Islands; the Balearic Islands; the autonomous cities of Melilla and Ceuta in Morocco.

**Scandinavia** – Denmark (including Greenland and Faroe Islands); Finland; Iceland (sometimes); Norway; Sweden.

**South Tyrol** – See “Alto Adige.”
Switzerland – The Swiss Confederation.

United Kingdom – Great Britain (England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland); Channel Islands (Jersey and Guernsey); Diego Garcia (Note: inhabited by U.K. and U.S. military); Gibraltar (Note: The status of Gibraltar as a British Overseas Territory continues to be a subject of negotiation between the United Kingdom and the European Union. This may affect a U.K. deal.); Isle of Man; Malta (English-speaking only); Pitcairn Islands; Saint Helena (Note: typically licensed with South Africa).

OCEANIA

Australia – Australia and all of the following islands and territories: Ashmore & Cartier Islands; Christmas Islands; Cocos (Keeling) Islands; Coral Sea Islands; Heard and McDonald Islands; Jervis Bay; Macquarie Island; Nauru; Norfolk Island; Papua New Guinea (including but not limited to Admiralty Islands, New Britain, New Ireland and Bougainville) Solomon Islands; Vanuatu (New Hebrides). (Note: Netflix includes Micronesia and Palau. See the “United States” and “Micronesia” for overlapping territories.

Federated States of Micronesia (A political entity that is recognized as an actual nation as opposed to the geographical area described as “Micronesia.”) – The island states of Chuuk, Kosrae, Pohnpei, Yap. (Note: The Federated States of Micronesia is a former U.N. “Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands” and was administered by the United States until 1994 becoming independent per a “Compact of Free Association.” It is usually licensed with the United States.)


French C.O.M. Territories (fka French T.O.M. Territories) – French Polynesia; Futuna Island; Island of Clipperton; New Caledonia; Scattered Islands (including Banc du Geyser; Bassas da India; Europa Island; Glorioso Islands; Juan de Nova Island; Tromelin Island); Wallis Island. (note: C.O.M. is an abbreviation of “Collectivites de d’outre-mer,” English: “Overseas Collectivity”)

French Polynesia – Tuamotu Archipelago; Gambier Islands; Marquises Islands (aka Marquesas Islands); Austral Islands (including the Tubuai Islands [Maria, Rimatara, Rurutu, Tubuai and Raivavae, aka Raevavae Islands] and The Bass Islands [Rapa and Marotiri Islands]); and the Societe Islands (aka Society Islands [comprised of the Windward Islands (including Tahiti) and the Leeward Islands (including Bora Bora)]. (Note: The Leeward and Windward Islands in the Pacific Ocean are not affiliated with the Leeward and Windward Islands in the West Indies).

\[9\] Note: As of 1 January 2016, the “Linguistic Diversity” provisions of Article 19 of the Swiss Film Act, previously limited to a film’s first public showing in a cinema, were extended to include “other uses” and may impact licensing practices, particularly with respect to France, Italy, and Germany. The Swiss Government has provided guidance to clarify the scope of the amended Film Act.

\[10\] As of 31 January 2020 the United Kingdom is no longer a member of the EU. During a “transition” period that ended 31 December 2020, the U.K. and the E.U. negotiated the final terms of the separation. However, this agreement did not include a final determination regarding the status of Gibraltar as a British Overseas Territory. Negotiations regarding Gibraltar’s status and border administration continue as of the publishing of this schedule. Additionally, due to continuing disagreement between the U.K. and the E.U. with regard to the Northern Ireland Protocol, if hard goods are involved, any further discussions between the U.K. and the E.U. may result in the imposition of import or other regulations that may affect the physical elements of a contract.

Micronesia (As a “geographical region” as opposed to the political entity of the “Federated States of Micronesia,” which is recognized as an actual nation.) – Caroline Islands (Federated States of Micronesia and Palau); Gilbert Islands (aka Kiribati); Mariana Islands (Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands); Marshall Islands; Nauru. (Note: conflicts may arise with licensing United States and Australian rights.)

New Zealand – New Zealand and the following islands and territories: Cook Islands (including Rarotonga and Aiutaki); Fijian Islands; Kiribati (fka Gilbert Islands, including Ocean Island, Line Islands, Phoenix Islands); Niue; Independent State of Samoa (excluding American Samoa); Tokelau Islands; Tuvalu (fka Ellice Island); Tonga.

OTHER

Israel – The State of Israel. (Note: Both Hebrew and Arabic are spoken in Israel)

Middle East – Bahrain; Egypt; Iran (subject to embargo); Iraq; Jordan; Kuwait; Lebanon; Libya; Oman; Palestinian Authority (aka Palestinian National Authority); Qatar; Saudi Arabia; Sudan; Syria; United Arab Emirates (Specifically: Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Fujairah, Sharjah, Ajman, Umm Al-Quaiwain, Ras Al-Khaimah); Republic of Yemen.

Universe (Rights to the) – The earth and all space and everything in it including all stars, planets and galaxies, known and unknown.

Worldwide Rights – Rights that are limited to the geographic territory encompassed by planet earth which excludes any space stations and / or colonies on planets other than earth but includes any interspace travel services.

LANGUAGE GROUP LISTING

Introduction:

The following definitions only apply to the speaking of the Arabic, English, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, or Spanish languages in the appropriate listed country or territory and do not imply that these languages are the only languages spoken in each listed country or territory, or that the individual country or territory should be included in a geographical or political definition for any other Arabic-speaking, English-speaking, French-speaking, German-speaking, Italian-speaking, Portuguese-speaking or Spanish-speaking Territory. As such, possible conflicts can occur with other geographical or language-based definitions.

ENGLISH-SPEAKING TERRITORIES
**Australia** – Australia and all of the following islands and territories: Ashmore & Cartier Islands; Christmas Islands; Cocos (Keeling) Islands; Coral Sea Islands; Heard and McDonald Islands; Jervis Bay; Macquarie Island; Nauru; Norfolk Island; Papua New Guinea (including but not limited to Admiralty Islands, New Britain, New Ireland and Bougainville); Solomon Islands; Vanuatu (New Hebrides). (Note: Netflix includes Micronesia and Palau. See the “United States” and “Micronesia” for overlapping territories.

**English-speaking Africa** – East Africa; South Africa; West Africa, South Sudan.

  - **East Africa** (*fka British East Africa*) – Botswana; Kenya; Malawi; Tanzania; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe.
  - **South Africa** – Botswana; Eswatini (*fka Swaziland*); Lesotho; Malawi; Namibia (*South West Africa*); Republic of South Africa; Zambia; Zimbabwe. (Note 1: *St. Helena is typically licensed with South Africa but is officially U.K. territory.* (Note 2: Some buyers may include Ghana, Kenya, Liberia. Tanzania (includes Zanzibar), and Uganda in “South Africa.”) (Note 3: Some buyers may include English and local African language rights for the African territories that are included in the satellite footprint for M Net. Portuguese and French language exceptions may be needed.)

  - **West Africa** (*fka British West Africa*) – Gambia; Ghana; Liberia; Nigeria; Sierra Leone.

**English-speaking Canada** – The provinces and territories of Canada: Alberta; British Columbia; Labrador; Manitoba; New Brunswick; Newfoundland; Nova Scotia; Ontario; Prince Edward Island; Quebec; and Saskatchewan and the territories of Nunavut; Northwest Territories; and Yukon Territories. (See also “French-speaking Canada.”)

**English-speaking Caribbean** – English-speaking Caribbean basin includes Bahamas; Barbados; Bermuda; Cayman Islands; Guyana; Jamaica; Montserrat; Anguilla; Antigua & Barbuda; St. Kitts-Nevis; St. Martin; Trinidad & Tobago; Turks & Caicos; Dominica; Grenada; St Vincent & the Grenadines; St. Lucia. (Note: Some of these islands can conflict with a U.S. deal. See also “Caribbean Language Groupings” in the “Other” section below.)

**English-speaking Europe** – The Republic of Ireland (*Eire*) and the United Kingdom.

**English-speaking South America** – Guyana (*fka British Guiana*).

**Ireland, Republic of** – Same as Eire.

**New Zealand** – New Zealand and the following islands and territories: Cook Islands (*including Rarotonga and Aitutaki*); Fijian Islands; Kiribati (*fka Gilbert Islands, including Ocean Island, Line Islands, Phoenix Islands*); Niue; Independent State of Samoa (*excluding American Samoa*); Tokelau Islands; Tuvalu (*formerly Ellice Island*); Tonga.

**United Kingdom** – Great Britain (*England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland*); Channel Islands (*Jersey and Guernsey*); Diego Garcia (Note: inhabited by U.K. and U.S. military); Gibraltar (Note: The status of Gibraltar as a British Overseas Territory continues to be a subject of negotiation between the
11 As of 31 January 2020 the United Kingdom is no longer a member of the EU. During a “transition” period that ended 31 December 2020, the U.K. and the E.U. negotiated the final terms of the separation. However, this agreement did not include a final determination regarding the status of Gibraltar as a British Overseas Territory. Negotiations regarding Gibraltar’s status and border administration continue as of the publishing of this schedule. Additionally, due to continuing disagreement between the U.K. and the E.U. with regard to the Northern Ireland Protocol, if hard goods are involved, any further discussions between the U.K. and the E.U. may result in the imposition of import or other regulations that may affect the physical elements of a contract.

United Kingdom and the European Union. This may affect a U.K. deal; Isle of Man; Malta (English-speaking only); Pitcairn Islands; Saint Helena (Note: typically licensed with South Africa).

United States / U.S.A. / U.S. – The United States of America and the following territories, possessions and protectorates: Baker Island; Caroline Islands (Palau and the Federated States of Micronesia); Guam; Marshall Islands; Northern Marianas (includes Saipan); Puerto Rico; Samoa (American); U.S. Virgin Islands (St. Croix, St. John, St. Thomas); Wake Island.

West Indies - (fka British West Indies) Bahamas; Barbados; Bermuda; Cayman Islands (Grand Cayman, Cayman Brac, Little Cayman); Jamaica; Leeward Islands (Anguilla, Antigua, Barbuda, Montserrat, St. Kitts [St. Christopher] and Nevis); Trinidad & Tobago; Turks & Caicos; Windward Islands (Dominica, Grenada, Grenadines, St. Lucia, St. Vincent). (Note 1: The Leeward and Windward Islands in the West Indies are not affiliated with the Leeward and Windward Islands in French Polynesia in the Pacific Ocean). (Note 2: Some buyers will add Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands (St. Croix, St. John, St. Thomas) that are usually sold in a U.S. deal and should not be licensed with West Indies.) (Note 3: English speaking Guyana can be licensed with West Indies depending on the deal.)

FRENCH-SPEAKING TERRITORIES

France – The Metropolitan Territory of France (European France); Corsica; Principality of Andorra (French-speaking only); and Principality of Monaco (French-speaking only).

French Antilles – Guadeloupe (including Basse-Terre, Grand-Terre, Petite Terre, Marie-Galante, La Désirade, Les Saintes, St. Bart (aka St. Barthelemy), and St. Martin); Martinique.

French C.O.M. Territories (fka French T.O.M. Territories) – French Polynesia; Futuna Island; Island of Clipperton; New Caledonia; Scattered Islands (including Banc du Geyser; Bassas da India; Europa Island; Glorioso Islands; Juan de Nova Island; Tromelin Island); Wallis Island. (Note: C.O.M. is an abbreviation of “Collectivites d’outre-mer,” English: “Overseas Collectivity.”)


French D.R.O.M. Territories (fka French D.O.M. Territories) – French Antilles; French Guiana (Note: Some buyers will include French Guiana in “Spanish Speaking South America); St. Pierre & Miquelon; Reunion; Mayotte. (Note: “D.R.O.M.” is an abbreviation of “Departements et regions d’outre-mer,” English: “Overseas Departments and Regions.”)

**French Oceania** (fka French T.O.M. Territories) – French Polynesia; French C.O.M. Territories

**French Polynesia** – Tuamotu Archipelago; Gambier Islands; Marquises Islands (aka Marquesas Islands); Austral Islands (including the Tubuai Islands [Maria, Rimatara, Rurutu, Tubuai and Raivavae, aka Raevavae Islands] and The Bass Islands [Rapa and Marotiri Islands]); and the Societe Islands (aka Society Islands [comprised of the Windward Islands (including Tahiti) and the Leeward Islands (including Bora Bora)].

(Note: The Leeward and Windward Islands in the Pacific Ocean are not affiliated with the Leeward and Windward Islands in the West Indies).

**French P.O.M.** – an unofficial term for French Polynesia which is officially listed with “French C.O.M.” territories. (note: P.O.M. is an abbreviation of “Pays d’outre-mer,” English: “Overseas Country”)

**Haiti** – Official name is the Republic of Haiti.

**French-speaking Africa** – Ex-French African Colonies; Ex-Belgian African Colonies; French D.R.O.M. Territories of the Indian Ocean; French-speaking Indian Ocean Territories. More specifically: Algeria; Benin (Dahomey); Burkina Faso (Upper Volta); Burundi; Cameroon; Central African Republic; Chad; Comoros; Cote d’Ivoire (Ivory Coast); Democratic Republic of Congo (fka Zaire); Djibouti Republic; Equatorial Guinea; Gabon; Guinea; Madagascar; Mali; Mauritania; Mauritius; Mayotte; Morocco (including Western Sahara); Niger; Republic of Congo; Reunion; Rwanda; Senegal; Seychelles; Togo; Tunisia. (Note: some French language territories in Africa overlap with Arabic speaking territories and need to be licensed on a non-exclusive basis.)

**Ex-French African Colonies** – Algeria; Benin (Dahomey); Burkina Faso (Upper Volta); Cameroon; Central African Republic; Chad; Cote d’Ivoire (Ivory Coast); Gabon; Guinea; Mali; Mauritania; Morocco (includes Western Sahara); Niger; Republic of Congo; Senegal; Togo; Tunisia.

**Ex-Belgian African Colonies** – Burundi; Democratic Republic of Congo (fka Zaire); Rwanda.

**French D.R.O.M. Territories of Indian Ocean** (fka French D.O.M. Territories of the Indian Ocean) – Mayotte; Reunion

**French-speaking Indian Ocean Territories** – Comoros; Djibouti Republic; Madagascar; Mauritius; Seychelles.

**French-speaking Canada** – Those areas in Canada with a concentration of French speakers: Quebec: Eastern Ontario; Manitoba; and New Brunswick. (Note: Users should be aware that a conflict may arise when licensing French Language TV rights in Canada as two islands belonging to France, St. Pierre and Miquelon, lie off the coast of Newfoundland)

**French-speaking Europe** – Belgium (French-speaking only); Metropolitan territory of France; Corsica; Principality of Andorra (French-speaking only); Luxembourg (French-speaking only);
Principality of Monaco (French-speaking only). (Note: see “Switzerland” in the “Other” section below.)

GERMAN-SPEAKING TERRITORIES

Alto Adige (aka “Bolzano” and “South Tyrol”) – the predominantly German-speaking portion of Trentino-Alto Adige, an autonomous region in northern Italy on the Austrian border. (Note: If German distributor requests Alto Adige, it is recommended to seek approval from the Italian distributor)

Bolzano – See “Alto Adige.”

German-speaking Europe – Austria; Germany; Alto Adige (aka “Bolzano” or “South Tyrol”); Liechtenstein; Luxembourg (German-speaking only). (Note: see “Switzerland” in the “Other” section below.)

South Tyrol – See “Alto Adige.”

ITALIAN-SPEAKING TERRITORIES

Capo d’Istria (aka “Capo Istria” or “Koper”) – The Istria peninsula in Slovenia, just south of Trieste, Italy. (Note: many residents speak Italian)

Italy – Italy (including Sardinia and Sicily); Capo d’Istria (Italian-speaking only); Malta (Italian-speaking only); The Principality of Monaco (Italian-speaking only); San Marino; Vatican City.

Italian-speaking Africa – Eritrea; Ethiopia; Libya; Somalia.

Italian-speaking Europe – Italy (including Sardinia and Sicily); Capo d’Istria (Italian-speaking only); Malta (Italian-speaking only); Principality of Monaco (Italian-speaking only); San Marino; Vatican City. (Note: see “Switzerland” in the “Other” section of below.)

PORTUGUESE-SPEAKING TERRITORIES

Brazil – Official name is the Federative Republic of Brazil.

Portugal – Includes the Azores and Madeira Islands.

Portuguese-speaking Africa – Angola; Guinea-Bissau; Cape Verde Islands; Mozambique; Sao Tome and Principe.

Portuguese-speaking Asia—Macau (Note: former Portuguese colony, official languages are Chinese and Portuguese); Timor-Leste (aka East Timor) (Note: Timor-Leste is typically licensed with Indonesia. Official languages are Portuguese and Tetun).
Spanish-Speaking Territories

Central America - Belize; Costa Rica; El Salvador; Guatemala; Honduras (including Swan Islands, aka Islas Santanilla); Nicaragua (including Islas de Maíz, aka Corn Island); Panama.

Equatorial Guinea – Official name is the Republic of Equatorial Guinea

Mexico – Official name is United Mexican States.

Spain – The Kingdom of Spain including the Principality of Andorra (Spanish-speaking only); Canary Islands; the Balearic Islands; the autonomous cities of Melilla and Ceuta in Morocco.

Spanish Speaking Caribbean – Cuba (subject to embargo); Dominican Republic. (Note: some buyers may include Puerto Rico in “Spanish Speaking Caribbean.” This may have an impact on deals with the United States. Special attention should be given to language and “exclusivity.”)

Spanish Speaking South America - Argentina; Bolivia; Chile; Colombia (including Archipelago of San Andrés, Providencia and Santa Catalina); Ecuador (including Galapagos Islands) French Guiana (Note: French Guiana is geographically in South America but is officially a French D.R.O.M. Territory); Paraguay; Peru; Suriname; Uruguay; Venezuela. (Note: See “Caribbean” for additional territories that may be requested by distributor)

OTHER

Arabic-speaking Africa – Algeria; Chad; Comoros; Djibouti Republic; Egypt; Eritrea; Libya; Mauritania; Morocco (including Western Sahara); Somalia; Sudan; Tunisia.

Caribbean Language Groupings: English, French, Dutch, and Spanish can all be licensed on non-exclusive territory and language basis in the Caribbean.

European Union – Note: EU Regulation 2017/1128 (14 June 2017) on cross-border portability of online content services in the internal market does not mandate that rightsholders grant languages spoken in other Member States where the licensed content may be accessed by subscribers traveling temporarily elsewhere in the EU or European Economic Area (EEA).

Luxembourg – May be licensed in the French, Dutch, German, or Flemish languages.

Switzerland – Note: As of 1 January 2016, the “Linguistic Diversity” provisions of Article 19 of the Swiss Film Act, previously limited to a film’s first public showing in a cinema, were extended to include “other uses” and may impact licensing practices, particularly with respect to France, Italy, and Germany. The Swiss Government has provided guidance to clarify the scope of the amended Film Act.